Lesson 2: Multiplication of Numbers in Exponential Form

Classwork

In general, if x is any number and m, n are positive integers, then			
because $x^{m} \cdot x^{n} = x^{m+n}$ $x^{m} \times x^{n} = \underbrace{(x \cdots x)}_{m \text{ times}} \times \underbrace{(x \cdots x)}_{n \text{ times}} = \underbrace{(x \cdots x)}_{m+n \text{ times}} = x^{m+n}.$			
Exercise 1	Exercise 5		
$14^{23} \times 14^8 =$	Let <i>a</i> be a number.		
	$a^{23} \cdot a^8 =$		

Exercise 2	Exercise 6
$(-72)^{10} \times (-72)^{13} =$	Let f be a number.
	$f^{10} \cdot f^{13} =$

Let b be a number.
$b^{94} \cdot b^{78} =$

Exercise 7

Exercise 4	Exercise 8
$(-3)^9 \times (-3)^5 =$	Let x be a positive integer. If $(-3)^9 \times (-3)^x = (-3)^{14}$, what is x?



Exercise 3

 $5^{94} \times 5^{78} =$

Multiplication of Numbers in Exponential Form



S.5

Lesson 2

8•1





What would happen if there were more terms with the same base? Write an equivalent expression for each problem.

Exercise 9	Exercise 10
$9^4 \times 9^6 \times 9^{13} =$	$2^3 \times 2^5 \times 2^7 \times 2^9 =$

Can the following expressions be written in simpler form? If so, write an equivalent expression. If not, explain why not.

Exercise 11	Exercise 14
$6^5 \times 4^9 \times 4^3 \times 6^{14} =$	$2^4 \times 8^2 = 2^4 \times 2^6 =$

Exercise 12	Exercise 15		
$(-4)^2 \cdot 17^5 \cdot (-4)^3 \cdot 17^7 =$	$3^7 \times 9 = 3^7 \times 3^2 =$		

Exercise 13	Exercise 16
$15^2 \cdot 7^2 \cdot 15 \cdot 7^4 =$	$5^4 \times 2^{11} =$

Exercise 17

Let x be a number. Rewrite the expression in a simpler form.

 $(2x^3)(17x^7) =$

Exercise 18

Let *a* and *b* be numbers. Use the distributive law to rewrite the expression in a simpler form.

a(a+b) =



Multiplication of Numbers in Exponential Form

S.6





Exercise 19

Let a and b be numbers. Use the distributive law to rewrite the expression in a simpler form.

b(a+b) =

Exercise 20

Let a and b be numbers. Use the distributive law to rewrite the expression in a simpler form.

(a+b)(a+b) =

In general, if x is nonzero and m, n are positive integers, then $\frac{x^m}{x^n} = x^{m-n}.$

Exercise 21

 $\frac{7^9}{7^6} =$

Exercise 23



 $\frac{(-5)^{16}}{(-5)^7} =$

Exercise 24

 $\frac{13^5}{13^4} =$



Multiplication of Numbers in Exponential Form







Exercise 25

Let a, b be nonzero numbers. What is the following number?



Exercise 26

Let x be a nonzero number. What is the following number?

 $\frac{x^5}{x^4} =$

Can the following expressions be written in simpler forms? If yes, write an equivalent expression for each problem. If not, explain why not.

Exercise 27	Exercise 29
2 ⁷ 2 ⁷	$3^5 \cdot 2^8$
$\overline{4^2} = \overline{2^4} =$	$\frac{1}{3^2 \cdot 2^3} =$

Exercise 28	Exercise 30
$\frac{3^{23}}{3^{23}} = \frac{3^{23}}{3^{23}} =$	$\frac{(-2)^7 \cdot 95^5}{} =$
$27 3^3$	$(-2)^5 \cdot 95^4$



Multiplication of Numbers in Exponential Form



S.8





Exercise 31

Let x be a number. Write each expression in a simpler form.

- a. $\frac{5}{x^3}(3x^8) =$
- b. $\frac{5}{x^3}(-4x^6) =$
- c. $\frac{5}{x^3}(11x^4) =$

Exercise 32

200000000 × 200000000000 =						
		4e+21				
Rad		×!	()	%	AC
Inv	sin	In	7	8	9	÷
π	cos	log	4	5	6	×
е	tan	\checkmark	1	2	3	-
Ans	EXP	×y	0		=	+



Multiplication of Numbers in Exponential Form







Problem Set

1. A certain ball is dropped from a height of x feet. It always bounces up to $\frac{2}{3}x$ feet. Suppose the ball is dropped from 10 feet and is stopped exactly when it touches the ground after the 30th bounce. What is the total distance traveled by the ball? Express your answer in exponential notation.

Bounce	Computation of Distance Traveled in Previous Bounce	Total Distance Traveled (in feet)
1		
2		
3		
4		
30		
n		

- 2. If the same ball is dropped from 10 feet and is caught exactly at the highest point after the 25th bounce, what is the total distance traveled by the ball? Use what you learned from the last problem.
- 3. Let *a* and *b* be numbers and $b \neq 0$, and let *m* and *n* be positive integers. Write each expression using the fewest number of bases possible:

$(-19)^5 \cdot (-19)^{11} =$	$2.7^5 \times 2.7^3 =$
$\frac{7^{10}}{7^3} =$	$\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{15} =$
$\left(-\frac{9}{7}\right)^m \cdot \left(-\frac{9}{7}\right)^n =$	$\frac{ab^3}{b^2} =$

- 4. Let the dimensions of a rectangle be $(4 \times (871209)^5 + 3 \times 49762105)$ ft. by $(7 \times (871209)^3 (49762105)^4)$ ft. Determine the area of the rectangle. (Hint: You do not need to expand all the powers.)
- 5. A rectangular area of land is being sold off in smaller pieces. The total area of the land is 2¹⁵ square miles. The pieces being sold are 8³ square miles in size. How many smaller pieces of land can be sold at the stated size? Compute the actual number of pieces.



Multiplication of Numbers in Exponential Form

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S.10