

Mr. Clarkson’s Math Classes
Cambridge Middle School / High School
Cambridge, Idaho 2016 / 2017 School Year
Mr. Jerry Clarkson jclarkson@cambridge432.org
Class Website: mrclarksonsmath.info

## Welcome to Mathematics class,

Thank you to many of you who have already extended a welcome to Cambridge. Whereas I was originally from the Meadows Valley this move to Cambridge is much like coming back home.

## Schedule

As your Cambridge MS/HS math teacher, I am teaching $7^{\text {th }}$ grade through Senior Advanced Math, but not every course. Mr Schumacher is teaching Freshman Algebra I and Mr. Waggoner is teaching Senior Math in the Workplace due to a schedule conflicts and large number of materials to teach. Therefore my schedule is as follows:

|  | Morning |
| :--- | :--- |
| 8:05 | $7^{\text {th }}$ Grade Math |
| $9: 08$ | $8^{\text {th }}$ Grade Math |
| 10:11 | Algebra II (Juniors and Seniors) |
| 11:14 | Geometry (Sophomores) |
| 12:14 | Lunch |


|  | Afternoon |
| :--- | :--- |
| 12:44 | Preparatory Period |
| 1:47 | Advanced Mathematics (Seniors) |
| 2:50 | Homeroom |
| 3:08 | Math Interventions (Assorted Students) |
| 4:08 | End of the School Day |

I will be available many evenings after school for tutorial assistance or consultation. For this year I have more reason to be at school than home alone so I can be available until as late as 7:00 or 8:00 p.m. I will also be seeing students as necessary during the appointed Fridays in accordance with the school calendar and will accept appointments from any student who may need assistance with Math materials.

## What You Need for Class

Most of our in class study and homework we are doing digitally and paperless this year. Students should be able to do most of the homework during class time with minimal need to come in after school or on Fridays. Therefore the need for paper and pencils is minimal. You will need the following items:

A notebook or note section of your binder for taking class notes for use on tests (vocabulary, theorems, examples, etc.).
\#2 pencils for tests and if you choose to work on paper. Please do not use mechanical pencils for math classes as the pencils are hard lead and produce markings to light for detailed math work. I only accept math work and tests written in a manner that I can read. I will have \#2 pencils in the classroom available with conditions.

## What You Do Not Need for Class

We will use internet based online calculators as necessary therefore calculators are not necessary.

Mathematics tools such as compasses, protractors, and rulers are provided in the classroom. You do not need your own.

You do not need a phone. Phones and any other electronic devices (other than necessary for medical reasons) should be completely turned off and stored deep within a backpack, in a locker, or in
the wall caddy in the classroom. Any visible phone will need to spend the duration of the period in the phone caddy on the wall or with Mr. Clarkson.

Come to class with a ready mind, a good attitude, a pencil, and a notepad!

## Expectations

$>$ Whatever you do, work at it with all your heart, with respect for all persons, places, and things.
> Make no problems and you will have no problems, except for math problems.
$>$ If you have a problem, work it out.
> If you cause a problem I will have to do something about it.

## Procedures

As you come to class, get started. Nearly every class session will begin with a warm-up or a few problems that you should be able to complete with a partner. Get started and work until we are ready to work together as a class.

If you just did not make it to class quite on time please wait patiently in the hallway until I am ready to let you in the class. You will then need to complete the warm-up work on your own time even though we may have already gone over this as a class.

We will be working together throughout each class period. The first several minutes will be the warm-up followed by reviewing the warm-up and any necessary review of previous daily work. We will continue with material to introduce us to new concepts and practice new applications. This should allow time to complete most of the daily work (sometimes called home work except that you should not need to do it at home). Near the end of each period a few minutes will be reserved for the daily exit ticket. By the time of those last few minute you should be able to prove that you understand the new concept and application enough to do one or two problems on your own without assistance (this is almost a mini quiz).

## Grading

Warm-up and class dialog materials are graded on a four point system.

| Points | Criteria | Equivalent |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 4 | Student is on-time or early, actively working with a partner, helping a partner <br> or actively seeking and accepting help, gaining a basic understand of the <br> material, actively participating in class reviews and dialogs. | A |
| 3 | Student is getting the work done but not really helping or seeking help from a <br> partner. | B |
| 2 | Student was late and unable to work with their partner but still gets the work <br> done and shows understanding. | C |
| 1 | Student fails to do the work or participate. | I |
| 0 | Student refuses to work or otherwise does no work. | I |

Students who miss one or more days will still be able to make up the warm-up and daily dialog work.

Daily Practice (Homework)

| Points | Criteria | Equivalent |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 4 | Student correctly works out every problem, shows all of the steps, and is <br> willing to help others or help out in the classroom. | A |
| 3 | Student is basically understanding and has completed $80 \%$ of the work. | B |
| 2 | Student is struggling but has completed at least $70 \%$ of the work. | C |
| I | Student fails to complete the work. | I |

The goal of the daily work is to practice and complete all of the work before taking a test. Students are encouraged to keep at the practice until all of the work is finished and the student better understands the principles. Therefore 3 and 4 point work is expected prior to taking a test.

Tests are graded on a percentage and a rubric of expected results will be posted before each test. Students are encouraged to retake each test until they achieve a satisfactory grade. Student who have not satisfactorily completed their daily work will postpone each test until they are well prepared for the test and therefore need to take the test after school of on a Friday by appointment. Late test are graded as incomplete until taken.

Class Notes - After each test student will submit their class notes for quick review. I will be checking for thorough notes with all of the vocabulary and necessary examples. Notes will be graded as 4 - quite thorough, 3 - lacking in some points, 2 less that sufficient, I - really insufficient or not submitted.

Personal Finance - Most classes will participate in a year long personal finance practice. Personal Finance grades are based on participation and performance on a four point scale. Performance of one's financial portfolio is relative to the rest of the class, therefore the students with the best participation and performance receive the better points. Students will only earn an incomplete grade if they fail to participate or somehow go into debt.

Projects - Some of the classes will have quarter, semester, or year long projects. These projects are prepared in sections and each section is graded. The projects are group work with some individual components. Projects are also graded on a four point system with evident participation and cooperation considered for 4 point work.

Extra Consideration - Student may be awarded extra points for extra classroom activities arranged under contract with Mr. Clarkson.

The Cumulative Grade

| Activity | Class with Project | Class without Project |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| Warm-up | $5 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| Daily Dialog | $5 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| Daily Practice | $7.5 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ |
| Exit Tickets | $7.5 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ |
| Class Notes | $5 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| Personal Finance | $5 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| Projects | $15 \%$ |  |
| Tests | $50 \%$ | $65 \%$ |
| Extra Consideration | Extra Points | Extra Points |

## About Mr. Clarkson

My wife and I are in the process of moving to Cambridge. We have rented a house nearby from which I may walk to and from school. My wife continues to teach this year in Nampa as we prepare our house there for rental or for sale. Therefore she will be coming to Cambridge some weekends while I will be going to Nampa other weekends. I will often be available to help students after school and on appointed Fridays but generally not available on weekends. Otherwise, students will soon learn about many of my other experiences in various positions and various lands. A few more details are on the class website (mrclarksonsmath.info). I look forward to a good year and several future years with each student.

## First Assignment

Each student's first assignment is to assure that they have thoroughly read this document with their parents. In order to complete this assignment please complete the following on-line form: https://goo.gl/forms/Qbc8eRY7WTbL8g413. Student without home access to the internet are provided with this form printed on paper.

## Syllabus Reading Response

Student's Name as recorded on school records

Student's Class with Mr. Clarkson (choose one of the following)

1. Seventh Grade Math
2. Eighth Grade Math
3. Geometry
4. Algebra II
5. Advanced Mathematics
6. Math Intervention only

Has the student fully read the syllabus?
True False

Has the parent(s) fully read the syllabus?
True False
Parent contact phone number

Parent contact e-mail address

Any questions about the syllabus?

## Seventh Grade Math

Seventh Grade Math students develop their understanding of ratios, rates, and proportions that they learned in sixth grade to solve single-step and multi-step problems. These problems include life skills of discount calculations, interest, taxes, tips, as well as scale drawings and slope. Students examine the rational numbers, positive and negative, including fractions and decimals and discover methods for complex addition, subtraction, multiplication and division of these numbers. Seventh graders continue the exploration of geometry including construction of 2D and 3D shapes as well as calculating the surface area and volume of those shapes. Additionally students begin to study populations and probability models.

This list is the Module (chapter) and Topic (section) titles for the year of Seventh Grade Math. The dates listed are preliminary approximate starting dates for each topic. The dates may be adjusted as the year progresses. Each module has an end of module assessment (test) immediately before continuing to the next module and most of the modules also have a mid module assessment.

| Module | Topic | Description | Date |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | Ratios and Proportional Relationships | 08/29/16 |
| 1 | A | Proportional Relationships | 08/29/16 |
| 1 | B | Unit Rate and the Constant of Proportionality | 09/06/16 |
| 1 | C | Ratios and Rates Involving Fractions | 09/13/16 |
| 1 | D | Ratios of Scale Drawings | 09/20/16 |
| 2 |  | Rational Numbers | 10/03/16 |
| 2 | A | Addition and Subtraction of Integers and Rational Numbers | 10/03/16 |
| 2 | B | Multiplication and Division of Integers and Rational Numbers | 10/17/16 |
| 2 | C | Applying Operations with Rational Numbers to Expressions and Equations | 10/27/16 |
| 3 |  | Expressions and Equations | 11/09/16 |
| 3 | A | Use Properties of Operations to Generate Equivalent Expressions | 11/09/16 |
| 3 | B | Solve Problems Using Expressions, Equations, and Inequalities | 11/16/16 |
| 3 | C | Use Equations and Inequalities to Solve Geometry Problems | 12/07/16 |
| 4 |  | Percent and Proportional Relationships | 01/03/17 |
| 5 |  | Statistics and Probability | 02/07/17 |
| 4 | A | Finding the Whole | 01/03/17 |
| 4 | B | Percent Problems Including More Than One Whole | 01/12/17 |
| 4 | C | Scale Drawings | 01/24/17 |
| 4 | D | Population, Mixture, and Counting Problems Involving Percents | 01/31/17 |
| 5 | A | Calculating and Interpreting Probabilities | 02/07/17 |
| 5 | B | Estimating Probabilities | 02/21/17 |
| 5 | C | Random Sampling and Estimating Population Characteristics | 03/01/17 |
| 5 | D | Comparing Populations | 03/15/17 |
| 6 |  | Geometry | 04/03/17 |
| 6 | A | Unknown Angles | 04/03/17 |
| 6 | B | Constructing Triangles | 04/05/17 |
| 6 | C | Slicing Solids | 04/26/17 |
| 6 | D | Problems Involving Area and Surface Area | 05/03/17 |
| 6 | E | Problems Involving Volume | 05/10/17 |

## Eight Grade Math

Eighth Grade Math is linear! Eighth Grade students relate ratios, rates, proportions, and percentages learned in earlier years to linear graphs and linear equations. Student compare linear function equations and find common points of two or more equations. Together, we use lines and linear equations to model life activities as well as geometric figures. Modification of line functions also show the movement of geographic figures. Students additionally expand their understanding of numbers to include radicals and non-rational numbers. These activities serve to well prepare eighth graders for upcoming high school Algebra and Geometry classes.

This list is the Module (chapter) and Topic (section) titles for the year of Eighth Grade Math. The dates listed are preliminary approximate starting dates for each topic. The dates may be adjusted as the year progresses. Each module has an end of module assessment (test) immediately before continuing to the next module and most of the modules also have a mid module assessment.

| Module | Topic | Description <br> 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | A | Integer Exponents and Scientific Notation |  |
| 1 | B | Magnential Notation and Properties of Integer Exponents | $08 / 29 / 16$ |
| 2 |  | The Concept of Congruence | $09 / 29 / 16$ |
| 2 | A | Definitions and Properties of the Basic Rigid Motions | $09 / 26 / 16$ |
| 2 | B | Sequencing the Basic Rigid Motions | $09 / 26 / 16$ |
| 2 | C | Congruence and Angle Relationships | $10 / 05 / 16$ |
| 2 | D | The Pythagorean Theorem | $10 / 13 / 16$ |
| 3 |  | Similarity | $10 / 24 / 16$ |
| 3 | A | Dilation | $10 / 26 / 16$ |
| 3 | B | Similar Figures | $10 / 26 / 16$ |
| 3 | C | The Pythagorean Theorem | $11 / 09 / 16$ |
| 4 |  | Linear Equations | $11 / 21 / 16$ |
| 4 | A | Writing and Solving Linear Equations | $12 / 01 / 16$ |
| 4 | B | Linear Equations in Two Variables and Their Graphs | $12 / 01 / 16$ |
| 4 | C | Slope and Equations of Lines | $12 / 12 / 16$ |
| 4 | D | Systems of Linear Equations and Their Solutions | $01 / 03 / 17$ |
| 4 | E | (Optional) Pythagorean Theorem | $01 / 18 / 17$ |
| 5 |  | Examples of Functions from Geometry | $01 / 31 / 17$ |
| 5 | A | Functions | $02 / 02 / 17$ |
| 5 | B | Volume | $02 / 02 / 17$ |
| 6 |  | Linear Functions | $02 / 16 / 17$ |
| 6 | A | Linear Functions | $02 / 27 / 17$ |
| 6 | B | Bivariate Numerical Data | $02 / 27 / 17$ |
| 6 | C | Linear and Nonlinear Models | $03 / 06 / 17$ |
| 6 | D | Bivariate Categorical Data | $03 / 14 / 17$ |
| 7 |  | Introduction to Irrational Numbers Using Geometry | $03 / 20 / 17$ |
| 7 | A | Square and Cube Roots | $04 / 03 / 17$ |
| 7 | B | Decimal Expansions of Numbers | $04 / 03 / 17$ |
| 7 | C | The Pythagorean Theorem | $04 / 11 / 17$ |
| 7 | D | Applications of Radicals and Roots | $04 / 27 / 17$ |
|  |  |  | $05 / 04 / 17$ |

## Geometry

Geometry is the study of the measurement of the earth and all that is in or on the earth. This study began with the Arabic, Persian, and Greek need to survey the earth and build large stone edifices. The study of Geometry facilitates the investigation of the larger universe today. Students learn the comparison of Geometric shapes and the transformation of figures on a coordinate plane. Students also discover the special relationships of triangles and trigonometry. They begin to examine the characteristics of circles, arcs, and sectors, as well as conic sections forming parabolas and ellipsis. Using geometry students by the end of the course should be able to calculate the volume of geometric three dimensional shapes like a tank, barrel, or storage box. Algebra and Geometry are integrated skills learned and used simultaneously.

This list is the Module (chapter) and Topic (section) titles for the year for Geometry. The dates listed are preliminary approximate starting dates for each topic. The dates may be adjusted as the year progresses. Each module has an end of module assessment (test) immediately before continuing to the next module and most of the modules also have a mid module assessment. The end of the year may include an additional study of Trigonometry and topics for Algebra II.

| Module | Topic |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 |  | Congruence, Proof, and Constructions | $08 / 29 / 16$ |
| 1 | A | Basic Constructions | $08 / 29 / 16$ |
| 1 | B | Unknown Angles | $09 / 07 / 16$ |
| 1 | C | Transformations/Rigid Motions | $09 / 19 / 16$ |
| 1 | D | Congruence | $10 / 06 / 16$ |
| 1 | E | Proving Properties of Geometric Figures | $10 / 18 / 16$ |
| 1 | F | Advanced Constructions | $10 / 24 / 16$ |
| 1 | G | Axiomatic Systems | $10 / 26 / 16$ |
| 2 |  | Similarity, Proof, and Trigonometry | $10 / 31 / 16$ |
| 2 | A | Scale Drawings (G-SRT.A.1, G-SRT.B.4, G-MG.A.3) | $10 / 31 / 16$ |
| 2 | B | Dilations (G-SRT.A.1, G-SRT.B.4) | $11 / 08 / 16$ |
| 2 | C | Similarity and Dilations (G-SRT.A.2, G-SRT.A.3, G-SRT.B.5, G-MG.A.1) | $11 / 17 / 16$ |
| 2 | D | Applying Similarity to Right Triangles (G-SRT.B.4) | $12 / 08 / 16$ |
| 2 | E | Trigonometry (G-SRT.C.6, G-SRT.C.7, G-SRT.C.8) | $12 / 15 / 16$ |
| 3 |  | Extending to Three Dimensions | $01 / 16 / 17$ |
| 3 | A | Area | $01 / 16 / 17$ |
| 3 | B | Volume | $01 / 23 / 17$ |
| 4 |  | Connecting Algebra and Geometry Through Coordinates | $02 / 07 / 17$ |
| 4 | A | Rectangular and Triangular Regions Defined by Inequalities | $02 / 07 / 17$ |
| 4 | B | Perpendicular and Parallel Lines in the Cartesian Plane | $02 / 14 / 17$ |
| 4 | C | Perimeters and Areas of Polygonal Regions in the Cartesian Plane | $02 / 23 / 17$ |
| 4 | D | Partitioning and Extending Segments and Parameterization of Lines | $03 / 01 / 17$ |
| 5 |  | Circles With and Without Coordinates | $03 / 13 / 17$ |
| 5 | A | Central and Inscribed Angles | $03 / 13 / 17$ |
| 5 | B | Arcs and Sectors | $03 / 22 / 17$ |
| 5 | C | Secants and Tangents | $04 / 06 / 17$ |
| 5 | D | Equations for Circles and Their Tangents | $04 / 18 / 17$ |
| 5 | E | Cyclic Quadrilaterals and Ptolemy’s Theorem | $04 / 24 / 17$ |


#### Abstract

Algebra II Algebra II students build on algebraic and geometric skills learned earlier to develop advanced algebra skills such as systems of equations, advanced polynomials, imaginary and complex numbers, quadratics, and including the study of trigonometric functions as well as an introduction to matrices and their properties. The contents of this course is important for students' success on both the ACT and college mathematics entrance exams. Algebra II concepts are also essential to accounting, business administration, engineering and construction, computer programming and computer science, chemistry, astronomy and many other science, engineering, and technology professions.

This list is the Module (chapter) and Topic (section) titles for the year for Algebra II. The dates listed are preliminary approximate starting dates for each topic. The dates may be adjusted as the year progresses. Each module has an end of module assessment (test) immediately before continuing to the next module and most of the modules also have a mid module assessment.


